

Unit 7 (American Revolution) Study Guide

Test: Thursday, June 1st

I. Students should be able to correctly use quotation marks and commas in a sentence:

Use commas to separate day of month and year:

My mom's birthday is on January 17, 1980.

Use commas in an address to separate city and state or country:

Ignite Innovation Academy

901 Staton Road

Greenville, NC 27834

Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue:

"How can we get to the event on time?" asked David.

"On July 4, 1776," states the text, "our country gained independence from the British."

Use commas to separate items in a series (list):

Maybrie would like to visit South Dakota, California, and Texas this summer.

II. Students should be able to make a subject and verb agree in present tense (should be able to fill in the third column under "agreement" - answers shown in red):

Subject	Verb	Agreement
The girl	Catch	The girl catches
My parents	To be	My parents are
I	To be	I am
My sister	Spy	My sister spies

III. Students should be able to choose the correct word to fill in the blank of a sentence:

My father is old, but he exercises every day in order to stay fit and _____ .

(**active**, impolite, patient, inactive)

The store is close to our house, so it is _____ to go there to buy items instead of across town.

(inconvenient, active, impatient, **convenient**)

Words students should be familiar with: polite, impolite, inhale, exhale, patient, impatient, active, inactive, convenient, inconvenient.

Students should be familiar with the following charts in order to complete the subject-verb agreement portion of the test:

Subject-to be Verb Agreement			
To be verbs are linking verbs that link, or connect, the subject to the predicate without showing action.			
	Subject	Agreement in the Present Tense	Example
Singular	I	am	I <i>am</i> hungry.
	you	are	You <i>are</i> excited.
	he, she, it, George Washington, the girl, tea	is	She <i>is</i> tired. It <i>is</i> cute. The tea <i>is</i> bitter.
Plural	we	are	We <i>are</i> helpful.
	you	are	You <i>are</i> noisy.
	they, laws, colonists	are	The colonists <i>are</i> angry.

Subject	Agreement in the Present Tense	Example
Singular	verbs ending in 's', 'sh', 'ch', 'x', and 'z', add -es	The government <i>passes</i> laws.
	verbs ending with 'y', change 'y' to 'i' and add -es	Paul Revere <i>spies</i> on the British soldiers.
	add -s	The farmer <i>plows</i> his field.
Plural	verb does not change	The colonists <i>fight</i> for their independence.